

Chris Finlayson hugs Danielle Harris

after the crown apology, in the settlement of Rangitaane o Manawatu's

Treaty of Waitangi grievances.

PHOTO: GRANT MATTHEW / FAIRFAX NZ

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Monday 16.11.2015

ManawaluStandard

CROWN APOLOGISES TO MANAWATUIWI

Rangitaane o Manawatu's quest for justice has finally been fulfilled, **Jono** Galuszka writes.

Twenty-five years after her mother filed Rangitaane o Manawatu's claim with the Waitangi Tribunal, Danielle Harris and her iwi have Harris, the principal negotiator

deed of settlement on Saturday at Te Hotu Manawa o Rangitaane o Manawatu Marae in Palmerston Her mother, the late Ruth

for the iwi, was able to sign the

Harris, began the settlement process for the iwi when she filed its Hundreds gathered on Saturday to hear Attorney-General and

Treaty of Waitangi Negotiations Minister Chris Finlavson formally apologise for the Crown's repeated Treaty of Waitangi breaches, decimated the esources and mana. The grievance has its origins in

the actions of the New Zealand Company in the 1820s, as they acquired Rangitaane o Manawatu's land off iwi who had moved The cumulative effect of Crown

purchases and native land laws left Rangitaane 0 Manawatu effectively landless by 1992. One of the deepest grievances

involved the Crown purchasing iwi land at Papaioea for individuals from another iwi.

RANGITAANE O MANA-WATU'S REDRESS

Rangitaane o Manawatu will be given \$13.5 million worth of assets in financial redress, including:

First right of refusal over multiple Crown properties, including Manawatu Prison, Linton Army Camp, Palmerston North Girls' High School and Palmerston North Courthouse.

Deferred right to purchase, for up to two years, Linton Army Camp housing estate and Awatapu College. If purchased, they must be leased back to the Crown.

Purchasing Tangimoana Forest, which creates \$20,000 a year in rental income, and the former Massey hostel on Fitzherbert Ave,

Palmerston North. ■ A payment of \$2.6m when the deed of settlement becomes uncon-

ditional. As part of a cultural redress, the Crown will move to officially change the names of various places, and 11 Crown-owned sites will be vested to the iwi.

Furthermore, a Manawatu River advisory board will be set up, which will give advice Horizons Regional Council must consider when making decisions about the notoriously polluted waterway.

Other iwi that have cultural associates with the river will be invited to join the board as they settle their treaty claims.

Danielle Harris said the iwi would have liked ownership of the river, but knew that was not Government policy, so having the board set up was extremely important due to the river's significance to the iwi.

IWI'S PLANS WILL BENEFIT WIDER COMMUNITY FOR **GENERATIONS**

Danielle Harris said her mother would have felt "immense satisfaction" at the deed signing, which was "one giant leap closer to justice being achieved".

"It is the closing of her chapter, and the dawning of a new one.'

The settlement was good for all people of Palmerston North, as the injection of resources would stimulate the economy, create jobs and enhance education opportunities,

"We have resided in the Manawatu since the 1600s, and we will be here for eternity.

"We are fully committed to growing our region."

Finlayson said it had been a personal ambition of his to get Rangitaane o Manawatu's settle-

A LONG TIME COMING

1600s: Rangitaane o Manawatu reside in Manawatu.

1820s: Northern migrating tribes and European settlers arrive.

1840s: New Zealand Company acquires Rangitaane o Manawatu land from

1850s: Crown being purchasing land in the area.

1870s: Native Land Court hearings commence, with many Rangitaane o Manawatu members barred from having their grievances addressed.

1990: Ruth Harris files Rangitaane o Manawatu's claim with the Waitangi 1997: Formal talks occur between the iwi and Crown.

1998: Tanenuiarangi Manawatu Inc (TMI) recognised by the Crown as having mandate to represent the iwi.

2003: TMI must be remandated, after claims it may not have the mandate to represent the iwi.

2005: TMI remandated.

2014: Negotiators successfully complete ratification process. **2015:** Crown and Rangitaane o Manawatu sign the deed of settlement.

2016: Legislation put before Parliament to make the settlement official.

ment over the line. It had taken too long for the

negotiators were not to blame, he "Few negotiating teams have demonstrated such professionalism. They have been, and are, out-

settlement to happen, but the iwi's

standing servants of Rangitaane o Manawatu, and I publicly commend them on their enormous contribution.' While it was impossible to fully

compensate the iwi for what happened – "you cannot have full compensation or reinstatement, or you would bankrupt the country" -

it could now build a better future for its tamariki, who Finlayson specifically addressed.

"When you are running the show, I'm sure this is going to be at settlement signings. an iwi that everyone in the country is going to pay a great deal of attention to.'

CROWN "SINCERELY APOLOGISES" FOR TREATY BREACHES

Finlayson used his speech to deliver the Crown's formal apology to Rangitaane o Manawatu, something he said was always the most

The late Ruth Harris, who began the settlement process for Rangitaane o Manawatu when she filed its claim in 1990. solemn part of any speech he gave

He said the Crown was sorry it had not lived up to its obligations under the Treaty of Waitangi, and apologised for its breaches.

The Crown also apologised for the effects of its acts and omissions, which left the iwi virtually landless.

The Crown is deeply remorseful about the lasting sense of grievance its acts and omissions have caused Rangitaane o Manawatu.

"The Crown seeks to atone for its wrongs and begin the process of

Finlayson gifted an image of the Manawatu River, which has the apology in both English and te reo Maori written on top.

The apology will become part of the settlement legislation, which must go through Parliament before it becomes official.

Danielle Harris said she hoped the legislation would be introduced in 2016.

Inside today



REGION: Opposition continues as hundreds march in The Square in protest against the "lawyers" goldmine" Trans-Pacific Partnership



Track upsets

NATIONAL: A new West Coast walk will commemorate the 29 men killed in the 2010 Pike River mine disaster, but not all families who lost loved ones are in support. P6



TRAVEL: The Danakil Depression, in

northern Ethiopia, is one of the hottest and least hospitable places

What's hot

Lighting the way to cultural harmony

Broken footpaths 'frustrating' for mobility

scooter users Heart operation hasn't held

back mountainbiker

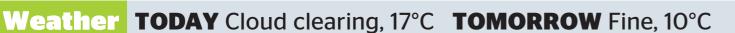
Fundraiser for hospice

Elderly Shannon man subjected to violent home invasion

Oddspot

When Indonesia's anti-drugs czar announced plans to guard a death-row prison island with crocodiles, the government rushed to explain that it was just a joke, but on Friday Budi Waseso said he was now thinking of using tigers and piranha fish too. Media quoted the National Narcotics Agency chief as saying that he had already obtained two crocodiles from a farm to study their power and aggression and may ultimately put as many as 1000 in place to keep convicts from escaping.







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